# **MARINE RESOURCES**

# Introduction

The Town of Cape Elizabeth is surrounded on two sides by the Atlantic Ocean which begins at the Town's northeast municipal boundary with the City of South Portland and extends along the Town's easterly and southerly coastline terminating at the Spurwink River which represents the Town's westerly municipal boundary with the Town of Scarborough.

The residents of Cape Elizabeth truly value their shoreline activities and many consider their accessibility to the Town's marine resources an important element of their inhabitance within Cape Elizabeth. A wide variety of users enjoy these natural resources through relatively passive activities such as picnicking, sunbathing, and sightseeing to more strenuous activities such as walking, swimming, kayaking, paddle boarding/sailboarding, surfing, and scuba diving. This resource is also used for recreational boating and fishing while being essential to the livelihood of the Town's commercial fishing and aquaculture industry.

Tourism is also an essential element of the Cape Elizabeth shoreline. The Town owns and maintains Fort Williams Park which with its approximately 5,700 feet of coastline access and an iconic lighthouse is a destination for residents and visitors alike. This 96-acre property located off Shore Road in the northeast quadrant of the Town is a former military installation which was sold to the Town in 1964 and later designated as Fort Williams Park in 1979 by the Town Council. In addition to sightseeing, historical points of interest, and picnicking opportunities, the park features various recreational opportunities through walking trails and open play and ball fields, playgrounds, and a rocky beach.

# Coastline Inventory

A majority of the coastal properties in Cape Elizabeth are high value residential lands held by private landowners. The remainder of the coastal areas are controlled by various entities including the federal government, the State of Maine, the Cape Elizabeth Land Trust, and the Town of Cape Elizabeth. These public entities cooperate with the Town's residents to maintain their facilities and provide opportunities for the public to readily enjoy shoreline activities.

The federal government through the U.S Coast Guard controls the access to the ocean from the lands associated with Dyer Cove at its facility at the end of Two Lights Road in the southeastern portion of the Town. The Coast Guard allows the public to access the rocky beach via a gravel parking lot beyond the paved roadway. The beach area is generally used for sightseeing, scuba diving, paddle boarding, and kayaking. Although there was historical use of a past mooring use here, the cove is exposed, frequently choppy, and subject to strong coastal current and does not represent a viable opportunity for mooring use.

The State of Maine owns and operates three state parks within the Town limits. These three parks are in close proximity to one another and are currently managed by one person. Two Lights State Park encompasses approximately 42 acres with approximately 2,200 linear feet of coastline. This park opened in 1961 and features a rocky coastline with sweeping views of ships entering the Portland harbor and the Atlantic Ocean. The park offers a network of paths crossing through forested lands and along seaside rock ledges. Popular activities include walking, sightseeing, picnicking, and sunbathing.

The State of Maine's other two parks are located in the southwestern portion of the Town and are intricately connected. Kettle Cove State Park encompasses approximately 67 acres of coastal area with approximately 4,400 linear feet of shoreline. This park is accessed from Kettle Cove Road and includes a 67+/- space paved parking lot for users of the park. The park features public beach access and commercial boat launches, a sandy beach area, and supports a variety of coastal activities and wildlife habitat. Despite its open exposure and often rough seas, a large mooring field is positioned here. The Town's commercial fishing fleet and the Town's Water Extraction Team (WETeam) also use Boat Cove within the State park limits for boat launching in marine emergency response situations.

Crescent Beach State Park was opened in 1966 and includes approximately 212 acres. As part of the 212 acres, the State leases approximately 100 acres from the adjacent Sprague Corporation. This park area is accessed publicly from its main entrance to its ample parking area off of Bowery Beach Road (Route 77). Beachgoers frequent the beach area and recreational boat and other marine related recreational equipment can be launched from this beach area as well. The park's sandy beach extends approximately 4,400 linear feet in a crescent shape that connects to the east with Kettle Cove State Park lands. In addition to picnicking, sunbathing and swimming, the park offers walking trails and opportunities for fishing, kayaking, and paddle boarding/sailboarding.

Another entity with control along the Cape Elizabeth shoreline is the Cape Elizabeth Land Trust (CELT). The CELT operates independently from the Town of Cape Elizabeth and its lands are open to the public. CELT properties may also contain additional restrictions associated with their use depending on the specific terms agreed upon during the property acquisition process.

A key property within CELT's landholdings is Trundy Point which is less than a two acre property area located within the southeast portion of the Town and contains approximately 1,300 feet of coastline. Parking for this land area is along nearby Reef Road, but this area is most frequently visited by the neighborhood residents by foot. CELT also controls a 1.25 acre area along Pond Cove and is accessed from Shore Road and encompasses approximately 300 feet of rocky shoreline. Parking is available on the inland side of Shore Road near the CELT owned inland property known as Robinson Woods. A short CELT trail starts at Shore Road and then leads onto the rocky beach at Pond Cove.

Beyond the very popular and heavily visited Fort Williams Park, the Town actually owns very limited landholdings with very little coastline access under its control. Cliff House Beach is a one quarter of an acre property and is located in the northeast quadrant in the Town on Danforth Cove that includes a rocky beach of about 200 feet in length. The area can be accessed on foot by people in the nearby neighborhoods or from vehicles parking alongside the road. The Town also owns substantial land areas alongside the Spurwink River which is tidally influenced, but the Town's land rights do not actually extend to the Atlantic Ocean.

# High Value Plant and Animal Habitat

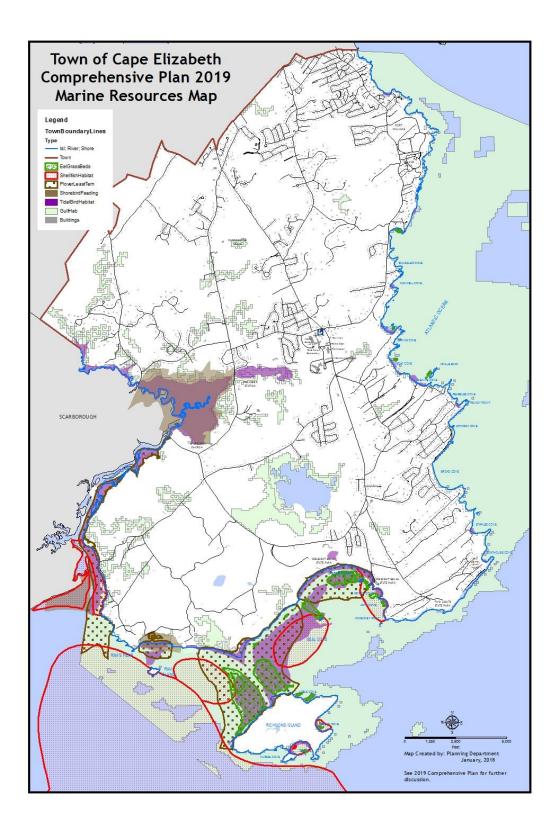
According to the Maine Department of Inland Fisheries & Wildlife provided mapping, the shoreline of Cape Elizabeth offers high value plant and animal habitat. Beginning in the northern portion of the Town at Danforth Cove and then along the shoreline of Fort Williams Park is located habitat for Harlequin Duck which is a threatened species. Fort Williams Park also offers habitat for the endangered New England Cottontail Rabbit.

Moving further to the south beyond Broad Cove, past Trundy Point and around Dyer Cove, and then along the southern shoreline associated with Two Lights State Park and Kettle Cove State Park are areas of habitat for Harlequin Duck and large swaths of the New England Cottontail Rabbit habitat.

Once along the coastline of Crescent Beach on the southerly shore, shorebird habitat extends for the endangered Piping Plover. A Pitch Pine Dune Woodland natural community is located westerly of the Crescent Beach State park parking lot. Further to the west extending toward the Spurwink River are Dune Grassland natural communities, additional Piping Plover habitat, and a pocket of habitat for the endangered Beach Plum species.

There is limited activity for shellfish harvesting along the coastal areas associated with the Spurwink River, however, most of these activities predominately occur on the Town of Scarborough side of the river. There is very little private or public development near the areas associated with this shellfish harvesting, so development activates currently do not impact this area, nor is it anticipated to be a factor in the future as any potential development in these areas would be closely regulated by both the municipalities of Scarborough and Cape Elizabeth.

Clearly, the shoreline of Cape Elizabeth particularly in the southwesterly area offers essential habitat of considerable value. Contributing to the ability of these habitats to thrive is the sparse development in this portion of Town and the Town's stringent wetland and coastline zoning which further protects plant and animal habitats from impacts of development. The Town's municipal Shoreland Zoning regulations have been found consistent by the Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) with the state mandatory shoreland zoning regulations and the local wetland regulations are considered a model for local level resource protection.



#### Boat Access

The Town has had a longtime tradition of commercial fishing which is focused at Kettle Cove and Crescent Beach in the southwesterly portion of the Town. Recreational activities such as boating and fishing along with paddle boarding, kayaking, swimming, sunbathing, and scuba diving are also major uses of the Town's marine resources which often complement, but sometimes compete for marine resources, with the Town's commercial fishing and aquaculture industry.

The Town of Cape Elizabeth does not contain any structural wharfs or piers to host marinas or launch boats. Additionally, there are no formal channels associated with the Cape Elizabeth coastline or harbors so there is no need for dredging in the waters of Cape Elizabeth. Commercial fishermen have historically held moorings at Kettle Cove, but some commercial fishermen also hold moorings off Crescent Beach. Moorings along the coves on the eastern shore are exclusively recreational and a majority are accessed from nearby private properties.

Currently, the Town conducts the administrative duties of the Harbormaster position through its staff within the Police Department and provides a Harbormaster presence on the water by sharing its Harbormaster with the adjacent Town of Scarborough. While the Town of Scarborough employs the bulk of the Harbormaster's time, this arrangement allows for the Town of Cape Elizabeth to have a certified enforcement officer with full arrest powers through the Maine Criminal Justice Academy. The Harbormaster has access to several boats and being well-versed in marine law is able to respond appropriately to possible criminal and emergency situations. The Town of Scarborough also provides the Harbormaster with an equipped response vehicle that can be used on calls in Cape Elizabeth.

By staffing the current Harbormaster position in this fashion, the Town has greatly improved both the functionality and the professionalism of the Harbormaster role. Past Harbormasters were not formally trained in law enforcement and were required to use their own boats to conduct their work. Further, past Harbormasters operated with little supervision and provided very little documentation of their activities. By elevating the Harbormaster position to a higher level, the Town now has greater control of the ongoing harbor activities and is in a much better position to respond to issues as they occur.

The Town of Cape Elizabeth administers moorings with its Police Department and its part-time Harbormaster. According to Town records, there were 59 registered moorings in 2017By comparison, the 2007 Comprehensive Plan listed 104 registered moorings in 2006. The registered moorings generated \$3,000 in revenue in 2017. Mooring revenue over the past five-year period has averaged \$3,260 annually a low of \$2,250 in 2015 and a high of \$5,100 in 2016. The variation in revenue is likely due to fluctuations in the actual year in which mooring fees were collected versus variations in the actual number of moorings. The number of moorings by location were as follows:

## **Cape Elizabeth Moorings by Location**

LOCATION	2017 MOORINGS	2006 MOORINGS	CHANGE
Alewife Cove	3	7	-4
Broad Cove	1	1	0
Cliff House Beach	3	3	0
Crescent Beach	14	32	-18
Kettle Cove	13	15	-2
Maiden Cove	10	19	-9
Ram Island	1	1	0
Staples Cove	5	9	-4
Pond Cove	1	1	0
Trundy Point	3	10	-7
Zeb Cove	5	6	-1
TOTAL	59	104	-45

Source: Cape Elizabeth Police Department

The number of moorings appears to have been significantly reduced over the past decade. There are a number of factors which may be involved with this situation. According to the Town's Police Department, Maiden Cove is the only cove in Town with a mooring waiting list, currently at five. Rather than this location being less popular for moorings, it is likely that the cove was historically too crowded so fewer moorings are now allowed. Likewise, the Crescent Beach area was once considered to be over-crowded so a reduction of moorings allowed in this location is also entirely likely.

Many recreational mooring locations are accessed entirely by nearby private residential properties. Therefore, the replacement use of these moorings is restricted from the overall general public due to accessibility limitations. So when past moorings are released, they can only be reactivated by people with access to the cove which may not readily occur.

Other possible theories for the reduction in moorings include that some moorings in the past may not have been actually in use, but had been continually carried on the mooring location list. Another possibility is that the past documentation was not accurately kept which has led to some discrepancies. Now that the Harbormaster position has been elevated, and Police Department is now actively involved in the record keeping process, the mooring information will be much more reliable in the future.

The Town also administers Beach Permits through its Police Department and offers day, pleasure, and commercial passes to the Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach area where boats and other marine equipment can be launched. Day permits with a fee of \$5 are issued to non-residents and seasonal pleasure permits with a cost of \$25 are issued to residents. Pleasure permits and commercial permits are free to those that have moorings as this is the area where all of the Town commercial fishing fleet is moored. For those without moorings, commercial permits are issued with a fee of \$25 for a resident and \$60 for a non-resident.

As can be seen in the permit table below, the number of commercial permits is down 20 from its decade high peak in 2010, but exactly the same as when the last Comprehensive Plan reporting was done in 2005. Meanwhile, the number of day passes has remained relatively stable over this period. The number of pleasure permits have risen dramatically over the past two years, however, so the total number of passes issued for the 2016 and 2017 years are 20% higher than the next highest level over the past 10 years and 16% higher than was reported in 2005.

YEAR	DAY	PLEASURE	COMMERCIAL	TOTAL		
2005 (from CP)	31	55	24	110		
2007	29	45	23	97		
2008	29	41	27	97		
2009	23	16	34	73		
2010	30	15	44	89		
2011	35	49	24	108		
2012	27	48	21	96		
2013	31	56	21	108		
2014	22	52	17	91		
2015	27	54	17	98		
2016	26	76	25	127		
2017	27	78	24	129		

#### Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach Permits 2005-2017

Source: Cape Elizabeth Police Department

It appears that the day passes have remained relatively stable throughout the years, however, the number of pleasure and commercial permits have fluctuated. During the period of the economic recession years of 2009 and 2010, it is reasonable that the pleasure permits would have dropped significantly to reflect the times. Now that the economy has improved, the number of pleasure permits has risen accordingly.

The number of commercial permits have varied, but are at the same level as in 2005. The fluctuations may be associated with fishermen using the Portland Harbor as a base and the changing conditions of the local fishing industry in southern Maine. Regardless, it appears that the Town of Cape Elizabeth's commercial fishing fleet continues to be sustainable.

# **Commercial Fishing**

## TABLE IS PLACEHOLDER- Awaiting updated information from State

The State of Maine, Department of Marine Resources, reports that 6 commercial fishing vessels are registered in Cape Elizabeth, ranging in size from 16' to 38' in length. [Awaiting updated data from DMR]. The data shows that Cape Elizabeth continues to support a small, commercial fishing fleet focused primarily on lobster fishing.

	CAPE ELIZABETH
Commercial Fishing Crew (CFC)	2
Commercial Fishing Single (CFS)	
Lobster/Crab Class 1 (LC1)	4
Lobster/Crab Non Commercial (LNC)	
Lobster/Crab student (LCS)	
PASS LOB/CRAB CLASS 3 (PLC3)	
PASS URCHIN DRAGGER (PSUB)	
Recreational Saltwater Fishing Operator (SWRO)	
Scallop Dragger (SD)	
Sea Urchin Dragger (SUB)	
Sea Urchin with Tender (SUWT)	
Grand Total	6

Source: State of Maine, Department of Marine Resources

TYPE OF LICENSE	2016	2005	CHANGE
Commercial Fishing Crew (CFC)	8	8	0
Commercial Fishing Single (CFS)	6	2	4
Commercial Shellfish (CS)	1	0	1
Commercial Shellfish Under 18 (CSU)	1		1
Elver Dip Net (E0)	1		1
Lobster/Crab +70 (LCO)	1	6	-5
Lobster/Crab Apprentice (LA)	1	1	0
Lobster/Crab Class 1 (LC1)	19	20	-1
Lobster/Crab Class 2 (LC2)	16	28	-12
Lobster/Crab Class 2 +70 (LC2O)	1		1
Lobster/Crab Class 3 (LC3)	8	6	2
Lobster/Crab Non Commercial (LNC)	44	35	13
Lobster/Crab student (LCS)	6	14	-8
Recreational Saltwater Fishing Operator (SWRO)	2		2
Recreational Saltwater Registry (SWR)	3		3
Scallop Diver with Tender (SDT)	1	1	0
Scallop Dragger (SD)	2	3	-1
Scallop Non Commercial (NCS)	1	3	-2
Seaweed (SW)	3	1	2
TOTAL	125	128	-3

Marine Fish and Shellfish Licenses 2016 and 2005

Source: State of Maine, Department of Marine Resources

The regulations currently in place makes it difficult to gain a new Lobster/Crab license with the limited entry system restrictions in both of the two zones that straddle Cape Elizabeth. It should be noted that the current regulatory system also incentivizes the student entry process by making it difficult to gain a new license. While the number of student licenses has decreased in Cape Elizabeth, this reduction may be due to cultural trends which tend to diminish the younger generations from entering the commercial fishing industry and the Town's lack of a pier which other communities use to develop and foster the sustainability of their commercial fleet. While the drop in commercial licenses is a trend that is reflective across nearby states, Cape Elizabeth has been able to sustain a working waterfront.

#### Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach Boat Access

#### Existing Conditions

The Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach area is the one coastline harbor area within Cape Elizabeth that currently needs solutions as it represents an ongoing challenge of varying commercial and recreational uses, State of Maine and local jurisdictional boundaries and responsibilities, and often conflicting neighborhood residential interests. These challenges are compounded by the natural conditions and physical space limitations of the area as well as the overall growing popularity of the area among its users, particularly during the summer months.

Please refer to the following Exhibit 1, Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach Access Plan, which depicts the existing conditions of the Kettle Cove area and proposed improvements.



DRAINAGE CHANNEL

CURRENT PUBLIC BOAT LAUNCH/ PROPOSED PEDESTRIAN ONLY ACCESS

CRESCENT BEACH

KETTLE COVE ROAD

2

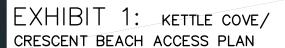
ROUTE

7

COMMERCIAL FLEET &-WETEAM PARKING

> COMMERCIAL BOAT LAUNCH

BOAT COVE



PUBLIC PARKING

KETTLE COVE STATE PARK

KETTLE COVE BEACH

1" = 100'

In 2017, the Cape Elizabeth Town Council created the Harbors Committee which is an ad hoc committee developed to investigate among other charges, solutions to the functional situation in the Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach area. One of the main issues that the Harbors Committee studied is the limited area available for commercial fishermen to use the boat launch area of Boat Cove which is within the Kettle Cove State Park property controlled by the State of Maine. While the State prioritizes the exclusive use of this boat launch area to the commercial fleet and the Town's WETeam, recreational users sometimes encroach upon this area which creates operational and safety issues diminishing the functional ability of the intended users of the launch to effectively use this area.

The Commercial fleet relies on this launch area to gain access to the ocean to not only launch boats, but also to transfer gear and bring in their catch to transport to markets. While limited use of the nearby sandy beach area of Kettle Cove is sometimes made by commercial fishermen at non-peak periods of recreational use of the beach, these instances are rare and the nearby beach is not a suitable or reliable option for the commercial fleet.

Likewise, the Town of Cape Elizabeth WETeam relies on Boat Cove as its only suitable launch site in Cape Elizabeth. While the WETeam can use the nearby sandy beach area of Kettle Cove under ideal situations, the Boat Cove launch site is the only reliable area for the WETeam's use due to limitations often created by tide and surf conditions. The restricted gravel parking area of Boat Cove along with its limited suitable launch area further exacerbate any recreational use of these facilities.

Another issue related to the Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach area is the conditions related to the launch area promoted for the public. This public access is currently located along a narrow gap between two portions of the Crescent Beach landholdings by the State of Maine. It is located to the north of the State's Kettle Cove Parking Lot and is accessed by a gap in the boulders which line the west side of Kettle Cove Road.

The relatively steep public use ramp is maintained by the Town and often requires the replacement of gravel caused by the loss of material to wave action due to the ramp's open exposure to the ocean. The launch's proximity to residences across Kettle Cove Road often creates conflicts with the neighborhood residents when users prolong the unloading of equipment and the launching of recreational crafts or use the launch area inappropriately.

Further, an open drainage course which crosses the beach area nearby to the northwest of the launch site often temporarily erodes a channel which cannot be passed over by most recreational vehicles. This situation creates a very restricted area near the launch site for users and prevents the access of the much wider and protected sections of Crescent Beach to the west.

# State and Local Interaction

Town of Cape Elizabeth and the State of Maine Park Staff enjoy a cooperative and mutually beneficial relationship. The State provides personnel during the busy summer time periods to prioritize the commercial use of Boat Cove within Kettle Cove State Park and actively works with the Town's commercial fishing fleet to address issues that may arise. Likewise, the Town's Police Department provides security during park off-hours and immediately responds to the State's requests for assistance during incidences that occur during the park's operational hours.

The State's current directive for users of the Crescent Beach/Kettle Cove area is to park at Crescent Beach State Park parking lot which has ample space and is less than a two mile drive from the limited 67+/- space Kettle Cove paved parking lot. The State also actively directs organized groups to meet and park at Crescent Beach rather than contribute to the congestion at Kettle Cove. In doing so, it is believed that future access to the non-commercial users of Crescent Beach would be reduced and allow the commercial users more exclusive use of Boat Cove.

The State Park Staff follow the State's overall guiding document of an Integrated Resource Policy for all of its State parks. This policy focuses on the preservation of the human experience of the parks that they operate as well as promotes the obligation to protect wildlife and their natural habitat from human intervention. For the Kettle Cove State Park, the New England Cottontail and the federally protected Piping Plover species are prioritized and the State actively manages a grasslands policy in the park to protect species that rely on that habitat. Therefore, despite the appearance of ample land to do so, the State is not planning on expanding the parking lot capacity at Kettle Cove to promote more convenient visitor use. The Town understands and supports this policy.

It would be beneficial if the State of Maine would readily share their policies for the operations of their State Park within the Town and their strategies for protecting essential wildlife and plant habitats and the human enjoyment of the parks' resources. In doing so, the Town and the public would be educated as to the parks' management approach and be better suited to both assist in the State's objectives as well as be able to share constructive comments on factors that could compromise these goals.

# Potential Improvements

The April 2018 Harbors Committee Report to the Town Council, the local Cape Elizabeth Fishermen's Alliance (CEFA), and residents of the Town have proposed a relocation of the existing Town public beach access to a historical boat launching area further to the northwest off of Kettle Cove Road. The use of the boat launch was curtailed many years ago due to its improper activities and access to the area is now currently restricted by a series of large boulders placed by the State along the west side of Kettle Cove Road. It is believed that the gravel placed for the original launch area is predominately still in place and is now overgrown with vegetation.

The State representatives indicated that the State would be very much behind the effort to move the public vehicle beach access and would not impede its progress, however, any improvements to reuse it would need to be funded by the Town. Further, the improvements would need to be engineered and properly permitted. To do so, there would need to be a comprehensive agreement between the State and the Town that stipulates each party's responsibilities. That agreement would then need to be followed by an easement which would allow the Town to construct and maintain the improvements as well as operate the boat launch.

If this change were pursued, the existing boat launch could be utilized as a pedestrian-only access point to that section of Crescent Beach and vehicular use of the current launch would then be prohibited. The Town should devise a means through stairs, vehicle barriers, and signage to clearly demonstrate the location of the access and its purpose in providing pedestrian access to the beach area. In doing so, the rights of the public to access and enjoy the beach area would be clearly identified and enhanced by providing a safe, year-round means to readily access the beach by foot. The clear separation of uses and proper signage stipulating these uses would resolve much of the conflict within the Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach area. By providing an improved public beach access and launching capabilities, the public users would be more inclined to use the more accessible public area and less apt to attempt to use the more restrictive Boat Cove launch area which should be limited to commercial users and the Town's WETeam. Also by moving the public vehicle beach access area to the northwest, conflicts with the drainage channel would be mitigated. In addition, the new public beach access location would create a buffer between boat launch activities and the nearby residential homes along Kettle Cove Road.

Finally, while the Town recognizes that the State currently does not intend to restrict either the commercial fishing fleet or the Town's WETeam from using the launch area at Boat Cove, there is no definitive easement in place with those access rights being clearly documented and recorded. Recognizing the disastrous effect that a restriction or limitation of use would place on the Town's commercial fishing community and its water related emergency response abilities, the Town should negotiate with the State to obtain a recorded easement for the continued and unabated rights of its commercial fleet and WETeam to utilize the Boat Cove launch area.

# Marine Resources Goals

# Goal 1: The Town shall protect and enhance exclusive commercial fishing boat access at the designated commercial fishing boat access at Kettle Cove.

# Recommendations:

- 1. Implement the recommendations in Goal 2 to provide improved recreational boat access in order to minimize instances where recreational boats are using the commercial boat only access.
- 2. Restrict parking and use of the turnaround area near the commercial boat launch to the exclusive use of the commercial fishing fleet and the WETeam. Signage, enforcement and education efforts shall be used to implement this restriction.
- 3. Obtain from the State of Maine an easement for the uninterrupted use of Boat Cove by the Town's commercial fishermen and WETeam.

# Goal 2: The Town shall advocate for and support construction of improved recreational boat access facilities at Kettle Cove.

#### Recommendations:

- 4. Obtain an easement from the State of Maine that would allow the Town to construct and maintain the improvements and then operate the new public vehicle beach access site at the historical location accessed from Kettle Cove Road.
- 5. Plan, design, permit, construct, maintain, and operate the new public vehicle beach access area while repurposing the existing beach access area to provide safe pedestrian-only access to Crescent Beach.

# Goal 3: The Town shall encourage and participate in a coordinated management of the Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach area with parties including the State of Maine, Town Police Department, and shared Harbor Master with the Town of Scarborough.

#### Recommendations:

- 6. Continue collaboration between the Town's Police Department in providing enforcement and support to the State of Maine resources in the Kettle Cove/Crescent Beach area.
- 7. Continue to share the Harbormaster with the Town of Scarborough.
- 8. Encourage the State of Maine to share and promote their management goals and priorities for the Crescent Beach, Kettle Cove, and Two Lights State Park and schedule periodic management coordination meetings.

- 9. Incorporate the June 2015 "Cape Elizabeth Sea Level Rising Vulnerability Assessment" report as prepared by the Portland Council of Governments in all water access improvements.
- 10. Expand the mooring section posted on the Town website to include information on current conditions, policies, and links to mooring maps so that users can access information on specific mooring locations and permit status.
- 11. Incorporate into Town Council practice a review of shoreline and harbors related issues a minimum of once every 10 years.

# Goal 4: The Town should protect vulnerable natural resources along the coast.

#### Recommendation:

12. Retain the current stringent shoreland zoning and resource protection district zoning regulations.